Viking Mission Support

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DSN Support for Viking remains in the transitional phase between planning and commitment, and the early stages of implementation. Existing implementation schedules have been thoroughly reworked to reconcile desired operational readiness dates with anticipated DSN manpower and funding resources. Investigation of downlink interference effects in a dual-carrier environment continued to make progress at Deep Space Station (DSS) 13. The Network configuration for the DSN Test and Training System is described in this article.

I. Introduction

Over the past 2 months DSN support for Viking 1975 (VK75) has been concentrated in a substantial effort to reconcile the existing implementation plans with the operational readiness dates requested by the Project. This effort has taken longer than originally anticipated but is now complete with minor exceptions. As reported in Vol. XII of this series, the resolution of some of the conflicts is related to the definition of working relationships among DSN Operations, DSN Systems Engineering, and the Telecommunications Division.

Tracking and Data Acquisition documentation is also involved to the extent that it reflects the plans, procedures, schedules, and agreements that must be developed among the organizations concerned. This has been accomplished and will be reported in a later issue of the DSN Progress Report.

Investigation of the effects of the dual-carrier environment on DSN performance has made significant progress. The results of this work will be reviewed in mid-December.

II. DSN Test and Training System Configuration

The DSN Test and Training System (TTS), as configured to support Viking 1975, will accomplish the following functions:

- (1) Generate and control simulated Deep Space Station (DSS) and spacecraft data streams to support development, testing, training, and fault isolation in the DSN.
- (2) Participate in VK75 mission simulation exercises with the Project by controlling data flow within the DSN and generating simulated DSN data to supplement Project simulation data.

It will be possible to accomplish these functions in either the long-loop (via DSSs) or the short-loop [via Ground Communications Facility (GCF) Central Communications Terminal] configurations, as shown in Table 1.

The functional requirements of the DSN Test and Training System, as configured for VK75, are shown in Fig. 1. Unless otherwise stated, these requirements apply to both the 26- and 64-m subnetworks.

The functional capabilities of each of the three elements of the DSN are described below.

A. Deep Space Station Test and Training Functions

The DSSs will accept and process telemetry, command, and radio metric simulation data from the TTS or the Viking Simulation System (VSS) on High-Speed System (HSS) or Wideband System (WBS), as shown in the footnotes to Fig. 1. The capacity of each DSS to handle simulated data will be equivalent to its capacity to handle real-time data, as described in Refs. 1 and 2, except that the data originated in the TTS will be of a simple fixed pattern, whereas the VSS-originated data will be interactive with command and more representative of true flight data.

B. Ground Communications Facility Test and Training Functions

For test and training purposes, the GCF is required to accept simulated telemetry, command, and radio metric data from the TTS and VSS and transfer the data either short-loop or open-loop to the destinations shown in Fig. 1 by HSS and/or WBS as appropriate.

All simulated data will be formatted by the originator to exactly the same standards as for real-time data, as described in Refs. 1 and 2.

C. Network Control System Test and Training Functions

This System includes the Network Control (NC) Test and Training Subsystem, which, when configured for Viking, is required to perform the following functions in support of Project test and training exercises:

- (1) Control data flow within the DSN.
- (2) Generate simulated DSN data to supplement Project-supplied simulation data.
- (3) Accept computer-generated telemetry data from the Viking Mission Control and Computing Center (VMCCC) for transmission to the DSSs.
- (4) Accept simulated command data from the VMCCC that is interactive with the telemetry data in item (3).
- (5) Provide simulated radio metric data to the VMCCC based on the predicts capability.

The NC Test and Training Subsystem will, in addition, perform the following functions in support of Deep Space Instrumentation Facility (DSIF) development, testing, training, and fault isolation.

- (1) Generate DSIF data streams to exercise GCF and NC Subsystems.
- (2) Generate fixed telemetry data patterns to exercise DSS subsystems.

These latter functions are used for internal DSN purposes and are described in various DSN Standard Operating Procedures. Other elements of the NC Subsystem, such as the Real-Time Monitors (RTMs), are required for test and training support, but their role is identical to that performed under the real-time data environment.

The NC Test and Training Subsystem interfaces only with the VSS, as shown in Fig. 1, via the GCF Central Communications Terminal (CCT). All simulation data flowing in either direction across this interface will be formatted by the originator, according to the provisions of Ref. 3. Voice and administrative teletypewriter (TTY) circuits between the NC Test and Training Subsystem and the VSS will be provided for DSN/Project coordination of joint test and training exercises.

III. Interfaces

The telecommunication link interfaces between the DSN and the Viking Orbiter and Viking Lander have been fully defined in Refs. 4 and 5. In addition to defining all the telecommunication link parameters, these documents also contain all of the telecommunication link performance data. The documents are now in the formal sign-off process.

A preliminary copy of the DSN to VMCCC System interface agreement is completing its review cycle at present. This document will establish and control all interfaces between the DSSs and the VMCCC that are pertinent to Viking support. It is derived from and is consistent with the DSN System Requirements Document (820-13), Detailed Interface Design.*

IV. Schedules

The need for DSN schedule revisions and reconciliation with current implementation plans as constrained by anticipated budget and manpower resources was discussed in Vol. XII of this series. This work has now been accomplished, and a DSN Implementation Schedule, Level 5, has been released and will serve as the basis for all subse-

quent implementation planning and testing. The new agreements are depicted in Table 2.

V. Problem Areas

Investigation of downlink interference effects in a dualcarrier environment continues to make good progress at DSS 13. After an extensive cleanup of all waveguide components and taping of all antenna surface joints, the interference effects were still found to be present. Removal of the quadripod and subreflector assemblies resulted in further test data, which suggested that RF leakage around the outer surfaces of the cone and feed horn contributed significantly to the generation of the interference.

These surfaces and the subreflector surfaces have now been welded and reassembled on the antenna, and a further series of test data is being collected. The data will be presented to the Viking Project in December, and will be a critical factor in determining the choice of implementation to be adopted for meeting the dual-carrier requirement.

Other options include the use of dual stations (one 64-, one 26-m) at a single location to provide one carrier each, operation at reduced power levels, and reduction of the available frequency channels from four to three. The conclusions and recommendations from the December review will be reported in the next issue.

^{*}JPL internal document.

References

- 1. Mudgway, D. J., "Viking Mission Support," in *The Deep Space Network Progress Report*, Technical Report 32-1526, Vol. XI, pp. 19–21, Jet Propulsion Laboratory, Pasadena, Calif., Oct. 15, 1972.
- 2. Mudgway, D. J., "Viking Mission Support," in *The Deep Space Network Progress Report*, Technical Report 32-1526, Vol. XII, pp. 14-15, Jet Propulsion Laboratory, Pasadena, Calif., Dec. 15, 1972.
- 3. Deep Space Network/Viking Mission Control and Computing Center Interface Requirements Document, JPL Document 619-10, Jet Propulsion Laboratory, Pasadena, Calif. (JPL internal document).
- 4. Viking 75 Project Orbiter System, Lander System and Launch and Flight Operations System to TDS Interface Requirements Document, Volume II, Viking Orbiter System to Deep Space Network, Project Document ID 3703111, Jet Propulsion Laboratory, Pasadena, Calif. (JPL internal document).
- 5. Viking 75 Project Orbiter System, Lander System and Launch and Flight Operations System to TDS Interface Requirements Document, Volume III, Viking Lander System to Deep Space Network, Project Document ID 3703111, Jet Propulsion Laboratory, Pasadena, Calif. (JPL internal document).

Table 1. Deep Space Network Test and Training System configuration modes

Test mode	Data transfer			Flowpaths	
	From	То	Monitored by	HSS	WBS
DSN-long loop	TTS	DSS		1	3
	DSS	RTM		33	33
	DSS		TTS	9	11
	DSS		OCA	26	26
	DSS		VSSa	10	12
FOSb-long loop	VSS	DSS		2	4
	DSS	VMCCC		25	12
	DSS		VSS	10	12
	DSS		OCA	26	26
	DSS		TTSa	9	10
DSN-short loop	TTS	CCT		5	7
	CCT	RTM		33	33
	CCT		TTS	9	10
	CCT		VMCCC	25	12
FOS-short loop	VSS	CCT		6	8
	CCT	VMCCC		25	12
	CCT		VSS	10	12

^aDesirable capability only.

Table 2. DSN/Viking readiness dates

Facility	Implementation complete	DSN Systems and Operations testing, weeks	Commit to Project suppor
CTA 21	Feb. 1, 1974	16	June 1, 1974
DSS 71	Aug. 15, 1974	16	Dec. 15, 1974
DSS 11, 14	Aug. 1, 1974	22	Jan. 15, 1975ª
DSS 12, 42, 61	Nov. 1, 1974	30	June 15, 1975 ^b Feb. 1, 1976 ^a
DSS 43, 63	Nov. 1, 1974	30	June 15, 1975 ^b Feb. 1, 1976 ^a
GCF to CTA 21	Feb. 1, 1974	16	June 1, 1974
to DSS 11, 14	Aug. 1, 1974	22	Jan. 15, 1975
to DSS 12, 42, 61, 43, 63	Nov. 1, 1974	24	May 1, 1975
to DSS 71	Aug. 15, 1974	16	Dec. 15, 1974
NC test and training only	Mar. 1, 1974	14	June 15, 1974
NC full system	Oct. 1, 1974	14	Jan. 15, 1975

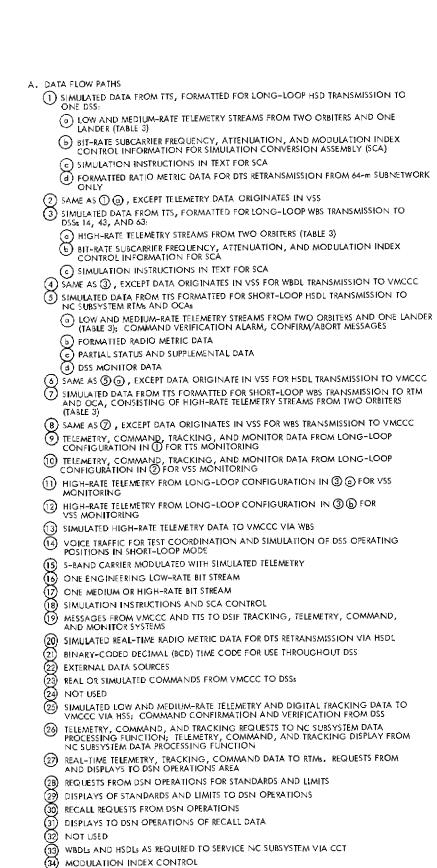
ary operational configuration.

^bFlight Operations System.

^bCruise configuration only.

Table 3. Telemetry data rates and channel requirements

		Data	rates			
Telemetry channel	Description		Bit rate		Subcarrier frequency kHz	
Orbiter ^a						
Low-rate	Uncoded engineering data		8⅓ or 33⅓ bps		24.0	
High-rate	Coded (32,6) science data		1, 2, 4, 8, or 16 kbps		240.0	
Lander ^b						
В	Unco	ded data	8 1/3 bps	8 1/3 bps		
A	Coded (32, 6) data		250, 500, or 1000 bps		72.0	
	Requ	ired combin	ations of ch	annels		
Either Lander Orb		Orbi	ter A Orb		iter B	
A and l	В	Low-rate		Low-rate		
A and	В	Low-rate	Low- and (uncoded		d high-rate d)	
A and	A and B Low-rate		Low- and (coded)		d high-rate	
A and B			Low- and high-rate (uncoded)		Low- and high-rate (uncoded)	
A and B			Low- and high-rate (uncoded)		Low- and high-rate (coded)	
		Low- and (coded)			l high-rate	
high-rate	e chann nder w	els. ill transmit	low-rate onl			



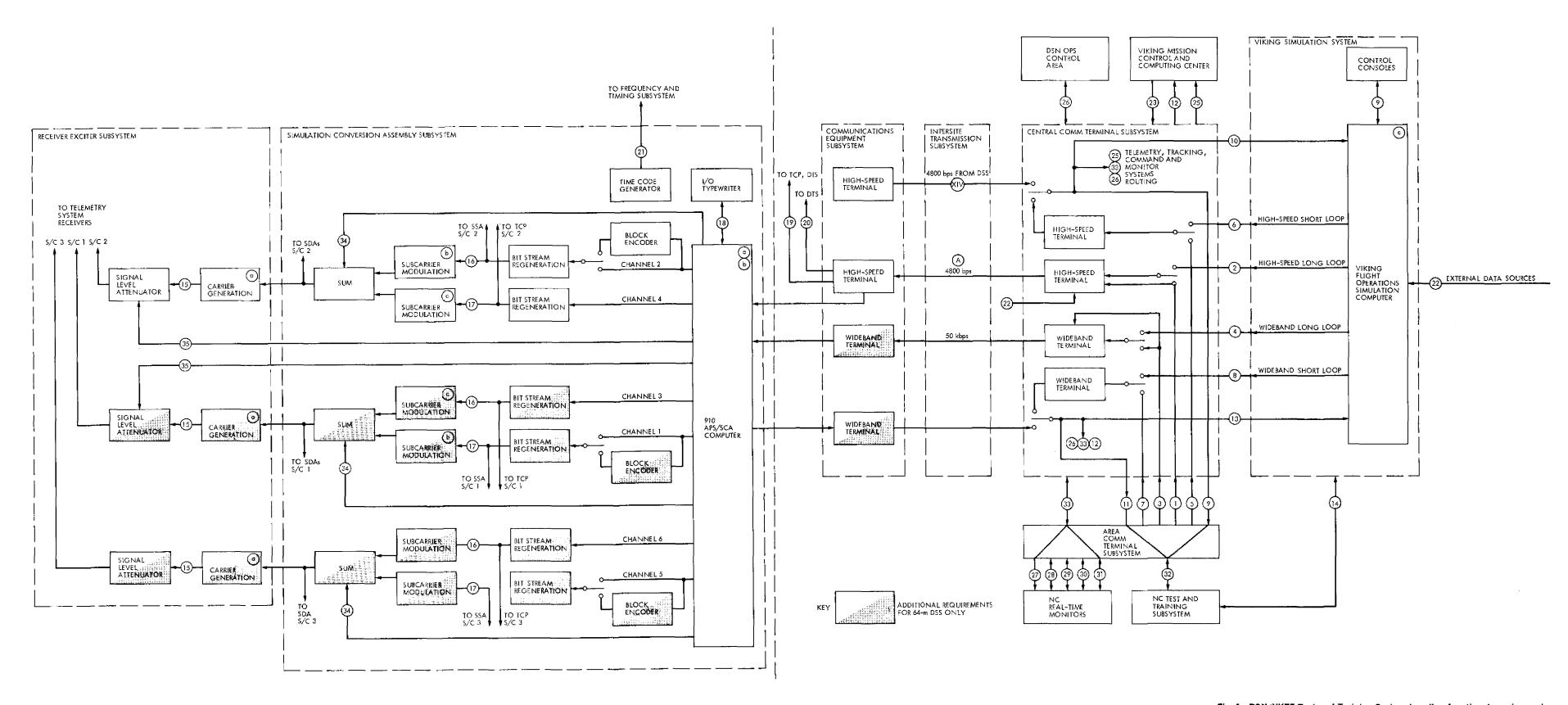


Fig. 1. DSN/VK75 Test and Training System baseline functional requirements

(35) S-BAND ATTENUATOR CONTROL